

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. 2---NO. 160.

MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, MAY 28, 1883.

PRICE ONE CENT

THE SPORTING WORLD.

Base Ball.

The race for the championship, both in the League and in the American Association, at the close of the third week of the season, ending Saturday, May 26, showed the following position of each club:

LEAGUE.—Chicago—Played 18 games; won 12, lost 6. Providence—Played 17 games; won 11, lost 6. Cleveland—Played 16 games; won 11, lost 5. Detroit—Played 16 games; won 11, lost 5. Buffalo—Played 14 games; won 8, lost 6. Boston—Played 16 games; won 4, lost 12. New York—Played 15 games; won 4, lost 11. Philadelphia—Played 16 games; won 3, lost 13.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.—Athletics—Played 17 games; won 15, lost 2. Cincinnati—Played 16 games; won 11, lost 5. St. Louis—Played 17 games; won 9, lost 8. Metropolitans—Played 16 games; won 9, lost 7. Louisville—Played 16 games; won 8, lost 8. Allegheny—Played 17 games; won 6, lost 11. Columbus—Played 18 games; won 5, lost 13. Baltimore—Played 18 games; won 5, lost 13.

Billiards.

The result of the New York tournament, after the play-off of the ties, is as follows: Daly won 5 games and lost 1; Wallace won 4 games and lost 2; Schaefer won 4 games and lost 2; Vigneaux won 3 games and lost 3; Dion won 3 games and lost 3; Sexton won 2 games and lost 4; Carter won 0 game and lost 6.

Hunters.

New York, May 27.—Mitchell writes the following card in answer to Sullivan's announcement that he will have no more newspaper controversy:

Seeing in to-day's issue of the Sun a letter emanating from Mr. Sullivan, if you will kindly insert the following you will do me a great favor. First, as regards my coming to this country for the express purpose of fighting Sullivan, any one with the least knowledge of the business can see that that was not my game, as I am not one that will either box or fight without I think I can beat them, and I should have challenged him to fight in a twenty-four-foot ring in the old style if I had wanted advertising and did not mean business, as there are plenty of ways to get out of fighting, even if the match should be made, without forfeiting, if a man was so inclined.

I shall give Cleary another chance, as per promise, but I have not been in this country two months, and I have met the two best men and proved that I do not ask favors of anybody. But I do not want to box all the time. I want to see the country. But Cleary shall have the first chance in public. I have heard of gentlemen here giving a purse to be boxed for. If there are any who will do so to see Sullivan and me box, I will box him four rounds, or an unlimited number of rounds, in private; to have a referee and a fair show. And that I think I shall have, for I have been treated well wherever I have been. I will now conclude, hoping at some future time to have another go at the refined Mr. Sullivan.

C. MITCHELL, Champion of England.

MADDER'S CARD.

I was much surprised to see a statement that McClellan had withdrawn his deposit, and that I, as his backer, would not go on with the match. McClellan said that he would fight McCoy, and as McCoy was looking for a fight, and I fancied it was a good thing for McClellan, I told him I would back him for \$1,000 to fight McCoy. I would have done so had they gone on with the match, if only to gratify my curiosity to see the capers McCoy would cut in the ring. I am sure it would fully repay me, even if I lost, as maiden attempts in the ring are generally very funny. With regard to McCoy's challenge to me, I would not ask a better job, but business is very pressing just now. However, I will not disappoint my friend McCoy. As soon as I am through with the business I have now on hand I will make a match with this middle weight untried wonder.

WILLIAM MADDER.

The Hanlan-Kennedy Race.

The backers of Hanlan and Kennedy have each made their final deposits of \$500 with Mr. Hamilton Busby, of the Turf, Field and Farm, for the coming race. The contest is for \$2,500 a side, and the event will take place Wednesday, May 30, at Point of Pines, Revere Beach, Mass. If either of the contestants is unable to row he will forfeit his deposit. The contestants have not yet decided upon a referee, and in case of disagreement Mr. Busby has the appointing power.

Mr. Geo. F. Johnson, the backer of Hanlan, offered to bet \$5,000 to \$4,000 that Hanlan would win, but the bet was declined by the backer of Kennedy.

A Physician Making Himself Patients.

HELENA, ARK., May 27.—Dr. Overton Moore, who shot Judge Sanders in the court-room Thursday, and who was arrested and jailed, was released upon bail, the amount of the bond being \$2,500. The Grand Jury, which had adjourned but a short time before the terrible act, will meet Monday and take cognizance of the same, which it is thought will appear as an assault with intent to kill. It has transpired since the attack on Judge Sanders that Moore was indicted by the Grand Jury for having entered the Delmonico Hotel, flourished his pistol, and shot through the floor, and that he was also indicted for having rode to the Court House and shot into the window, within two inches of the Deputy Clerk, just to see if he could not hit the gas-jet. Both of these acts occurred last winter, and perhaps the strong charge of Judge Sanders to the Grand Jury was the cause of his act yesterday. Moore is regarded as a young physician of considerable ability, and for some months, until Thursday, had been living quietly in the country.

HIGH PLACE CORRUPTION.

Army Officers Disgraced and Dishonored.

They Are the Victims of the Common Luxuries of Peace, With Excesses of Gambling and Drunkenness.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Six officers of the army and navy have been involved in disreputable practices that have recently been made public. Lieut. Col. Morrow, Paymaster Wasson, Paymaster Smith, and Col. Nickerson and Commander White are in disgrace on account of domestic scandals. Those in power, both in the War and Navy Departments, are seriously concerned about the state of things that these exposures indicate.

Col. Ilges was allowed to resign, when, by the rules, he should have been court-martialed. He was charged with having obtained money by duplicating his pay accounts, and preferred to resign rather than meet the charge. Major Wasson is a defaulter, as the Government thinks, though he excuses his shortage by saying he took the money as a forced loan, which he intended to return through the conscience fund. The amount taken is believed to be about \$5,000. Major Wasson was a poker player. Paymaster Smith of the Navy will be court-martialed in a few days on a charge of dishonesty.

Colonel Morrow's case is a peculiar one. He has been one of the most dashing officers on Sherman's staff. Since he has been in Washington he has been living well, and was a most popular member of the army set. Some weeks ago he went to Secretary Lincoln, said that he was deeply in debt, and asked to be sent back to his regiment. He believed that he could save money enough to pay his debts if he was allowed to do so. The Secretary consented. It appears, however, that Colonel Morrow had done something worse than get into debt. He had duplicated his pay accounts; in fact, triplicated them. The Government had been no loser, and had known nothing of it, for Col. Morrow had managed to take up the vouchers as they became due in the hands of the brokers. When it was decided that he should rejoin his regiment, Colonel Morrow called his creditors together, told them what he had done, and proposed that the accounts be pooled and placed in the hands of a broker in pay accounts named Middleton. He further proposed to have enough of his future pay accounts hypothecated to take up the old ones. The creditors consented, provided an order should be issued by Paymaster General Rochester to all paymasters to pay no accounts of Colonel Morrow. This was intended as a surety for the brokers. The Paymaster General consented. The order was issued, the crooked accounts straightened out in that way, and Colonel Morrow went to his regiment. Secretary Lincoln knew nothing of this, but has now learned of it, and it is expected that he will order a court-martial.

Commander White resigned from the navy a day or two ago, and it is charged that he did so to avoid exposure of a scandal that occurred in Norfolk. Colonel Nickerson is accused of procuring a fraudulent divorce that he might remarry. There is little doubt that the temptations of Washington life have led officers to violate their honor, and there is less doubt that gambling in the army has ruined many officers. Secretary Lincoln has announced his determination to put a stop to gambling in the army, and the best field for him to begin his campaign is right here in Washington. The brokers who advance money on officers' pay accounts at a ruinous rate just now. However, I will not disappoint my friend McCoy. As soon as I am through with the business I have now on hand I will make a match with this middle weight untried wonder.

There is the best authority for saying that there is an army poker club here that numbers some distinguished officers who have made a business of fleecing officers just arriving in town from their regiments. Of course these men do not play dishonestly, or at least are supposed to play honestly, but they generally win. Cases are known where officers who have just come to town with the savings of a year or two have had the whole sum swept away in a single sitting. Then they turn to their pay accounts for ready cash, and then comes the temptation to duplicate these accounts. There is little doubt that the influence of some of the members of this club has been used to shield officers who, driven to desperation by their losses, have duplicated their accounts and been detected at it. The club has been fearful that should the officers be driven to extremity by court-martial they might expose the practices that make duplication so common.

Pauper Irish Being Shipped From Belgian Ports.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Information is received here of the arrival in Boston of 1,000 assisted emigrants by the steamer Prussia. The treasury officials say they are powerless under the law to prevent the landing of such of these persons as are paupers, and it is not doubted that many of them will require aid from the local authorities to live. At the State Department information has been received that the Irish Emigration Society, which, acting under the auspices of the British Government, helps the pauper citizens of Ireland to leave their native land, has hit upon the scheme of shipping these poor people from ports in Belgium and other countries outside of England, thereby hoping to avoid the responsibility for acts which the United States may require to be explained and adjusted.

THE CZAR IS CROWNED.

Amid a Blaze of Glory and High Excitement.

Thousands of Silver Sets Employed in the After Feasts—The Proclamation Issued, Which Aims at Reform.

Moscow, May 27.—The long expected event has transpired. The Czar of all the Russians has been safely crowned with great ceremony in presence of the dignitaries of the land and representatives of foreign nations. The Czar's proclamation has been issued, but at present writing not distributed among the masses, to avoid the former struggle among the people for copies. Banquets in great number followed close upon the coronation, at which, among others, the representatives of the foreign press sat down. The Coronation breakfast of the Ambassadors was a grand affair, and was served in the Gilded Hall, that of the Royal Princes in an apartment of the Kremlin. The Czar and Czarina took breakfast in the Diamond Hall, while the less distinguished guests were accommodated in a large iron-roofed shed erected in one of the courts of the Kremlin. In these banquets some thousands of silver sets were used, many of them having been brought from St. Petersburg.

Moscow, May 27.—Among the newsmongers there were many whispered fears of plots and explosion; but the feeling of security has been gradually growing, and the fears of all seemed lost among the exciting wonders and shows of grandeur incident to the event. The proclamation proposes reforms that seem to make some concession to the dissatisfied masses, but on the spur of the moment its real intent can not be too clearly set forth.

AMERICA'S FRIEND.

The Learned M. Laboulaye, of Paris, Is Dead.

New York, May 27.—A cable dispatch from Paris announces the death of Edmond Rene Lefebvre Laboulaye, life Senator, member of the Institute, authority on jurisprudence and devoted lover of America. He was born in Paris on the 18th of January, 1811. He read law, and became an advocate in the Court Royale of Paris. His essays on legal subjects were so ably written that their author gained distinction, and in 1849 he was appointed Professor of Comparative Legislation in the College de France.

The particular interest that Americans took in his career is owing to the fact that he was always the firm and warm friend of America, and did, perhaps, more than any other European to enlighten France concerning the United States. His friendship for the United States led a misguided Frenchman to call him the "American manning," a title he was rather proud of than otherwise. Laboulaye wrote as earnestly for the cause of freedom in the Journal des Debats as in his own books. One day, during our civil war, he arrived at the editorial room with an article in favor of the Northern States in his pocket only to find that Bertoll, the director, had allowed one in the interests of the slaveholders to be put into type. Laboulaye at once obtained an interview with the director, and urged him to adhere to the honest course that had been marked out in former numbers of the journal, despite the fact that prevailing opinion was very hostile to the North. He succeeded, and the North retained an ally which, if transformed into an enemy, might have done much harm to the Union arms. A bronze bust of M. Laboulaye was placed in the club house of the Union League in Philadelphia in December, 1871. For many years he cherished a desire to visit this country, but owing to the nature of his work he was reluctantly compelled to give it up. His room was filled with presents from Americans, who gratefully appreciated him as the champion of their country.

Bloodhounds on the Trail of a Bad Negro.

SAYANNAH, GA., May 27.—While returning from school in this city to her home at Schutzen Park, a delightful resort in the suburbs, a young lady, aged seventeen years, was attacked by a burly negro, who made improper proposals. Upon the young lady's fiery retort the negro suddenly threw a shawl over her head and attempted to choke her. The young lady resisted with all the desperation in her power, and her cries attracted the attention of a gentleman inspecting a field near at hand. Rushing from the field he reached her just in time to see the form of the fleeing negro disappear in the swamps and the young lady lying on the ground in convulsions, with the clothing nearly stripped from her body. Several ugly gashes, from which the blood was flowing freely, told of the fierceness of her resistance and the determination of her assailant's unsuccessful attacks. Physicians have been in constant attendance at the victim's bedside since her rescue, and her condition, owing to the frequency of her convulsions, is considered extremely critical. There is great excitement in this city, where the young lady is a society favorite, and her people are among the most aristocratic. As soon as possible after the discovery of the crime a searching party, led by bloodhounds, scoured the swamp, and started in pursuit of the fugitive negro. His capture has not yet been effected. If he falls into the hands of the searching party it is not improbable that he will be strung up to the nearest tree.

OUR CONSULAR REPORTS

A Perfect System of Foreign Mercantile Intelligence.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The Consular reports upon trade abroad in its bearings upon American industries and commerce, which the State Department has been quickly issuing for the past two years, are attracting a great deal of attention abroad. The British Government has just applied, through its representatives here, for information as to the methods by which the State Department gathers and summarizes this matter. The German Government is now operating a system similar to the one in use here, and other nations are also giving the matter attention with the thought of adopting it. The American system of Consuls and Ministers abroad is so thorough and complete, and the commercial world so thoroughly convinced by it, that the mass of information these men may obtain and the suggestions they may offer can but be very valuable.

To begin with, there are as representatives of the Government in all the great nations men of national reputation, such as Minister Morton at Paris, ex-Attorney General Taft at Vienna, Ministers Fish at Brussels, John Russell Young at Peking, China, John Russell Lowell at London, and ex-Secretary Hunt at St. Petersburg, who, if they do not make reports in person on matters of this nature, may aid others materially by their advice and information. Then there are nearly one thousand Consul Generals, Consuls, Vice Consuls, Deputy Consuls and Consular Agents and Commercial Agents, and the thorough manner in which the commercial world is covered by them is quite astonishing. Of course, all the cities of any prominence have their Consuls and Vice Consuls, then come smaller ones, of which we occasionally hear, and then places seldom if ever heard of in the commercial communities here, but all of which are liable to develop a desire for American commerce, or afford some information valuable to American manufacturers or merchants. It is from these sources that the monthly publications of the State Department are made up, and it is the system by which the work is performed so thoroughly about which the British Government has been asking.

Americans Shadowed in the English Capital.

LONDON, May 27.—The American colony here is preyed upon by a system of police spies. They range through it in every conceivable capacity, as servants, friends, casual visitors, milkmen, bakers, grocery carriers—everything, in fact, that gives them a chance to see and hear. The truth is that Americans in London are very carefully watched, and to be seen with one of them is to be suspected of being an Irishman, with a mind full of bombs and a trunk full of nitro-glycerine. Well, this espionage would be funny if it were not persistent and impertinent. If an American finds it necessary to kick a servant out of the yard the assaulted party gets a good mark for zeal. If the laker is thrown over the fence for prying into affairs which should not concern him it is charged to the account of zeal, and corresponding incidents, conspiring to give the butcher lad the same rare look as his beef, are attributed to and rewarded by the home office as zeal. Wouldn't you be surprised to learn that since the explosion at Whitehall over 3,000 police spies have been engaged by the Government? Well, I know that in London alone over 2,500 are at work, and not even Russia can boast a system so complete as that of the surveillance in which this big free city is held. It tells among my duties to drop into the home office at frequent intervals and the other day a clerk let me into the secret. He said there wasn't an American resident in London whose relations with Irishmen, if he maintained any at all, were not watched and known.

"It is not the American per se that we wish to watch, you know, but the associations which they have that leads us to find the dynamite conspirators. That was the way we traced the Birmingham nitro-glycerine manufacturer, which led to the important arrests of Norman, Gallaher and his crowd. You see, Gallaher came to a journalist in London, who maintains a large correspondence with the newspaper press of the United States. He was reported by a servant who was employed in the house of the journalist. He was watched. Our suspicion had already been directed toward the place in Birmingham, and when we found that he was in communication with the people there our case was soon made out."

Poisoned by Canned Meat.

PATERSON, N. J., May 27.—This city is excited over a case of poisoning which resulted in the death of two persons and the serious illness of others. Robert McClaren, a blacksmith in the Rogers Locomotive Works, lives at No. 11 Ward street, where his wife keeps boarders. Among these was William Black, a carpenter. On Wednesday morning last Mrs. McClaren bought some beef, which she made into a stew. Mr. McClaren and his family and Black partook freely of the stew and McClaren and Black returned to work. Shortly after dinner three of the children began to vomit, and Black returned to the house and went to bed. Mr. McClaren next returned, complaining of pains in the stomach, and began to vomit. Dr. Stewart was summoned, but as the symptoms were not characteristic of any poison he administered palliatives. He was successful in every case except that of Johnny, a three-year-old son of Mrs. McClaren. Dr. Stewart called again toward evening and made an examination of the food. Mrs. McClaren said that she did not take dinner with the rest of the family, and was about to sit down to the table when the others became sick. She had, however, before dinner was served, taken some of the broth in which

the meat was cooking. She did not feel any bad effects until late in the afternoon, when she began to suffer from violent vomiting. Dr. Stewart secured a piece of the beef for analysis and reported the case to the Health Inspector as a probable slothness from unsound meat. The Health Inspector made an examination, but did not find the meat bad. Next day Johnny McClaren and Black died.

Robert McClaren, the head of the family, had eaten freely of the stew and was very sick. He was treated for arsenical poisoning and seemed to improve. He is very low, however, and it is thought he may die. Mrs. McClaren recovered, and experiences no symptoms of illness. Thos. McClaren, a boy eight years of age, is confined to his bed and his condition is regarded as critical. Robert McClaren, another boy, did not eat much of the stew and has fully recovered.

LOCKOUT ENDED.

Several Thousand Out of Employment Will Resume Work.

CINCINNATI, May 27.—The lockout among the shoemakers is at an end, and the men will go to work Monday as usual. This welcome state of affairs was the result of a consultation which the representatives of both sides held at the office of the W. G. Rogers Manufacturing Company Saturday afternoon. This, however, does not do away with the strike of the bootmen, as they take no stock in arbitration. Only men employed on women's shoes were locked out. The whole difficulty was brought about by a misunderstanding as to the action of the Uriah Stevens Assembly, and this has finally been set right. The correspondence and agreements relative to the settlement are given below. On May 24th the following communication was sent to the men by the manufacturers:

"Whereas, After careful consideration of the communications received from Messrs. Traphagen and Conaway, we, the manufacturers, come to the conclusion that the main and only issue in the present difficulty exists in the violation of a rule by the men and the enforcement of the same by the manufacturers, which rule is the main basis on which the Board of Arbitration was founded, and which rule sums up to this point: That if the men should have any grievance whatever they must not strike, but continue work and let their grievances be settled by the rules of arbitration.

We, in answer to the above communication, and in answer to the desire of the men to reach an adjustment of the present difficulty.

Resolved, That we will appoint a committee of three for the purpose of conferring with the men, or their representatives, and to try to reach an adjustment on the above basis.

The committee appointed by the manufacturers consisted of C. Krippendorf, H. B. Eckelman and E. J. Maloney.

In accordance with the above communication a meeting was held Saturday as stated, and after much parleying and deliberation, the following agreements were drawn up and signed:

In consideration of the fact that the men in W. G. Rogers Manufacturing Company's factory who had refused to do certain work which caused the lock-out have resumed said work, the same as previous to May 8th, we hereby declare the lock-out ended.

C. KRIPPENDORF,
H. B. ECKELMAN,
E. J. MALONEY.

Committee of the Manufacturers.
We, the undersigned, representing the various assemblies, declare that we never sanctioned, nor do we now sanction, the men in Rogers' shop refusing to do the work for which they were hired, and which they did previous to May 8th; and we further declare that if these men continue to refuse to perform the above stated work, they do it on their own individual responsibility. Consequently, if they get discharged or quit we will not interfere with any one who may take the job.

We also consider that the acceptance of this agreement by the manufacturers dissolves the lock-out and reinstates all men in their former positions.

H. C. TRAPHAGEN, THOS. BUTTERWORTH,
JOHN F. MOORE, JAS. CAREY,
GEO. GASSMAN, LYMAN FITTS.

IS CROOK MASSACRED?

A Rumor of His Defeat Not Credited in Army Quarters.

CHICAGO, May 27.—A dispatch received here from Tombstone, Arizona, says a reliable citizen is there from San Jose Mine, Sonora, with the news that a terrible disaster has happened General Crook and party. His information, which comes from a good source, says the Indian scouts mutilated when in the heart of the Sierra Madres, and massacred nearly the entire command, the General himself being one of the victims. Army officers on this side of the line discredit the report.

TOMBSTONE, ARIZONA, May 27.—The news received here and telegraphed East that Crook had met the Indians near Guano and driven them back is contradicted by a courier from the Mexican Custom House, thirty miles distant, who has arrived at the Mexican Consulate. But he says a fight occurred in the Sierra Madres Mountains.

CHICAGO, May 27.—Officers at General Sheridan's headquarters, while in receipt of no direct information, nevertheless place no credence in sensational telegrams intimating mutiny in General Crook's command, and the death of the American officer in person. They place less reliance upon the report than if it was to the effect that this column had met with defeat at the hands of the hostiles; and there has been nothing upon which to base belief in the report from any former act of treachery on the part of his Indian allies, and the presence of American cavalry they deem adds to the unlikelihood of such an occasion. They also place but slight belief in the statement of his supposed engagement with the savages, as they argue that Crook would have pushed through his own couriers rapidly in such an event.



The weary man who limps along,
With corns upon his feet,
Is grinning now to think there'll be
A railway in the street.
And every day he watches it,
With keen and anxious eyes,
And thinks how soon its going to tole,
A man about his size.

The fruit, so far as we can learn, was not damaged by the hail storm on Sunday.

Boils, blotches, pimples, and all skin diseases, are quickest cured by cleansing the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. A. A. Wadsworth has accepted the Republican nomination for Representative and will make the race.

A recent order made by the Big Sandy and Packet companies requires that all freight must be paid for before the wharf-master permits it to be taken from the landing. Messrs. Ficklin & Bro. have so notified the business community.

Masonic Notice.

Maysville Commandery will meet to night at the usual hour. Work in all the orders is expected. All Sir Knights are requested to attend.

W. H. HOLMES, E. C.

A very interesting part of the services at St. Patrick's Church on Sunday was the confirmation of ninety children in the morning by Rt. Rev. Bishop Tobbe, and the renewal of their baptismal vows in the afternoon. A very large congregation was present.

Mrs. ANNA M. DAWSON, wife of Mr. Charles R. Dawson, died at her home in East Maysville, this morning at fifteen minutes after midnight. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, from the residence, after services by Rev. A. Boring, of the M. E. Church.

Mr. C. P. Wilson has leased the Bank Hotel at Vanceburg, and after having it thoroughly repaired and refurnished, will open it to the public. He is thoroughly acquainted with his business, and under his management the Wilson House, as it has been named, will assuredly become a popular stopping place for the public. Our citizens who may go to Vanceburg are invited to stay at this house.

Says the Covington Commonwealth: President Garfield said: "One never discovers that there is a Republican party in Kentucky until there is a Federal office to fill." That was in Washington. In Kentucky the Republican party is heard of at convention time, when the great orators assembled and "electrify the world"—including the colored brother—with the outpouring of their "burning thoughts."

Notice.

HEADQUARTERS JOE HEISER POST,
GRAND ARMY OF REPUBLIC.

Citizens wishing to donate flowers for memorial will please leave them at Mr. Dietrich's seed store on Market street up to Tuesday evening. Those wishing to deliver them Wednesday can leave them at the hall adjoining the Maysville Bank. All citizens are cordially invited to participate with the Joseph Heiser Post, G. A. R., on memorial day, also invited to decorate their buildings. By request of Post. G. M. CLINGER, Commander. GEO. W. CHAMBERS, Adjutant.

At the last meeting of the ex-Confederates of this city, the Secretaries were directed to write to all the ex-Confederate soldiers in this and adjoining counties and invite them to be present at a meeting to be held in Maysville, at one o'clock p. m., June 9th, for the purpose of organization. Not having been able to obtain a full list of names the Secretaries have been unable to discharge this duty, and are obliged to take this method of giving the notice. During the absence of Judge Wall, at Chicago, the books of the Association will be in the hands of C. L. Stanton, the Assistant Secretary, who will enroll all ex-Confederates who desire to become members of the Society.

SUICIDE.

Death of Louis Miller, Jr., from Landanum Administered by Himself.

Mr. Louis Miller, Jr., died on Sunday morning about five o'clock, at the residence of his father in East Maysville, it is supposed, from a dose of landanum taken the night before with suicidal intent. He had been drinking during the evening and was under the influence of liquor at the time the fatal dose was taken. He was about twenty-four years of age and was given to occasional spells of dissipation. His father, Mr. Louis Miller, is an esteemed and respected citizen, who has in trouble the sympathy of his many friends. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

PERSONALS.

Mr. C. P. Wilson, of Vanceburg, was in the city, Saturday.

Judge R. H. Stanton and wife have returned from Cincinnati.

Mr. W. A. Cole, who has been living at Springfield, Ohio, for sometime past, has returned to Maysville with the view of remaining. His old friends are glad to welcome him back.

Accident Insurance.

Accidents will happen in all occupations and situations. They will happen whether you travel or not. They cost money, valuable time and even life. Accident Insurance costs but a small premium. It guarantees \$1,000 to \$10,000 in case of accidental death, or a weekly indemnity. \$3,000 tickets at 25 cents a day—30 days for \$4.50. Apply to M. F. Mansu, Agent, Library Building, Sutton Street.

COUNTY POINTS.

LINCOLN.

Tobacco plants are beautiful. Sam Harvey sold his harness horse a few days ago for \$145.

Mr. A. Honan recently had a valuable mare to die.

B. L. Bacon & Co. resumed work at their tobacco warehouse last week.

Mr. Jacob Brodt and wife, of West Union, O., are visiting the family of J. G. Brodt, of this place.

The prospect for fruit is not very flattering. There will not be a half crop of any variety.

At the school election on June 2nd the will of the qualified voters will be ascertained as to whether or not a tax of five cents on every hundred dollars worth of property will be levied to be used for repairs of the school building. Those in favor of the tax are confident of victory this time.

The tobacco crop of this neighborhood, with the exception of a few crops, has been sold at prices ranging from \$8 to \$11 per cwt. The latest sale was A. R. Rains to Charles Downing at \$10.75 per cwt. AMATEUR.

TUCKAHOE.

Wheat is looking much better since the retreating rains.

Some of our farmers were selling tobacco during the snow storm last Monday.

Miss Mollie Osborne, a charming young lady from Maysville, spent several days with Miss Mary Huggins, but has returned home much the regret of an ardent admirer.

Mr. Samuel Simon, has gone to Missouri, to look after his farming and stock interests there.

Madam Ramor has it that our neighboring "old bachelor," will lead to the altar soon one of Bessie's worthy maids. May the good work go on.

Mr. John Perrine and W. J. Holton have lost several hundred dollars worth of hogs and they are still dying.

Mr. J. J. Hazerty, our worthy postmaster has received a new supply of spring goods. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Dr. C. S. Holton's patient we are glad to say is improving rapidly.

Mr. Robert Terhune lost a valuable cow several days ago from being swollen on clover. L. AND P.

BECK GROVE.

That long talked of wedding comes off on the 17th prox.

Chicken cholera is prevailing in this vicinity, to an alarming extent.

The tobacco is about all sold here at fair prices.

Planting corn is about done with. Corn that was planted early is coming up and to its well.

We had a splendid tobacco season last week but there was a very small acreage set out.

Mrs. Elizabeth Curtis, died on Wednesday, May 16th, aged about eighty-two years.

The wheat crop is very much improved and will doubtless make a fair yield, but the oats are backward. OCCASIONALLY.

SARIS.

Squire Ball is the boss anecdotist of the village. We propose pitting him against Professor Knott when the Governor comes around this way.

Harry Blakeborough Mealy is a fine baby-boy his eyes alone are worth a Waltham watch.

W. T. Grover, Jr., is a fancy mechanic. His marble boxes and squirrel houses are pretty specimens of mechanical ingenuity.

Suit & Houlton's mammoth variety house is rapidly filling up with furniture, huggles, wares and agricultural implements.

Holman has something nice for the ladies.

Mr. Tom White and family, of Levanua, O., have enlivened our village during the last week. He made headquarters at the hospitable home of his mother and brother. He has also a sister and niece residing in the village.

Miss Annie White, one of our sprightliest young ladies, has gone on a visit to her uncle's family at Levanua, O.

Miss Mollie Fitzpatrick's millinery store is the place to get a love of a bonnet.

Willie Waller Salt, the little, bright eyed son of our postmaster, is quite ill.

The meeting of the Christian Church, under the preaching of Elders West, Morrison and Harkins, has been a success.

The cottage home of Mr. Sam Proctor has been much improved of late, by plastering, papering, painting and changing of eury and the addition of a cozy little kitchen. We hear he will now dig a cellar and sink a cistern.

MAYSHICK.

Mr. R. R. Myall has been adding some improvements to his residence lately.

Mr. J. T. Wilson, returned from Cincinnati, last Tuesday the 22nd inst. and brought with him his wife, who has been there for several months under treatment of the physicians. She is very much improved in health and we welcome her home again.

Some parties went on Mrs. Orr's back porch a few nights since where her dog was chained and shot him, which frightened the family very much. A very woman piece of business.

A great deal of tobacco has been set since the recent rains.

C. W. Cook, of Lewisburg, delivers good beef in this place twice a week at 12 1/2 cents a pound.

Mr. Harry Wood the prince of drummers from Maysville, was with us recently and sold a raft of goods.

Mr. James P. Fant, of Cincinnati, was with us last week, with a large line of samples of hats and caps. ROMEO.

SHANNON.

Mrs. W. W. Santos, of Sardis, goes to your city once a week, for the purpose of cultivating her musical talent.

W. J. Chanslor has gone to Millersburg, Bourbon county. He says to see relatives, but we have our doubts as to the truth of his statement.

Miss Lattie Proctor is making an extensive visit to friends near Fern Leaf. She, being an "ex-kitchen belle" the present members will no doubt do all in their power to have her enjoy herself, and feel at home as of old.

The plum and apple crop will be very short in this section of the county. Peaches will be more plentiful.

Mr. Robert Watson's house on the public square at Shipul is nearing completion.

Mr. E. O. Pyles, of Covington, passed through our village, he is looking after the interest of his farm.

UNITED CHURCHES.

Delegates From the Southern Ec-clesialy to the Northern With Enthusiasm—Dr. Nicol's Address.

Chicago, May 27.—During the past week the Presbyterian ministers of the North and South have been engaged in the brotherly task of meeting each other on neutral ground and burying the hatchet. They technically term their overtures, which have been carried on with great formality for twenty years, "extending fraternal relations." The public will be delighted to learn that the millennium which Presbyterians have wished for so long has begun to dawn and that hereafter their ordained ministers will be able to sit down together and discuss calmly and dispassionately sacred topics. There is hereafter to be no East, no West, no North, and no South. The negotiations carried on between the different assemblies recently were very affecting. The delegation of the Northern assembly was heard by the Southern assembly on the 19th inst. Rev. Dr. Nicol's, of this city, addressed the body on fraternal relations between the two assemblies.

DR. NICOL'S ADDRESS.

He made a long speech, the following extracts being only a small portion of it:

"MODERATOR: FATHERS AND BRETHREN—We are here today to convey to you the Christian and fraternal salutations of our assembly. Ordinarily, such a duty as this is easily discharged, nor does it form a striking episode in the routine of ecclesiastical business. But it is otherwise today. Your reception of us marks the close of a long, sad day of strife, alienation and misunderstanding, and the dawn of a new one of brotherly love and peace. It is a time for songs and tears, and words are poor to tell the joy of the hour.

"Now that we have met you, and seen your faces, our trepidation is gone; for you have received us already as with the embrace of love. The desire for fraternal relations, which finds its consummation to-day, is not one of recent growth, suddenly born of weakness, or policy, or transient enthusiasm. It is the legitimate offspring of the profound and indelible affections and convictions of the church.

"We are here to seal by our presence and words the fraternal relations already pledged by your assembly and ours, and as by contact to complete the circuit that will set in motion the electric current of good will and brotherly love.

"We call you brethren, and so you are, our peers in the same family; but you will not deem it impertinent if I change the figure and say that we look upon you as a daughter of whom we are proud. You did not like the way in which affairs were conducted in the old home as you went out; nor did we exactly like the manner of your going out. But now, since all that is past, you may like to hear a word of the old home. Well, as you know, we have enlarged the family house since you left by a new wing; or, to speak more accurately, by taking down the partition wall which had so long divided the old house into two separate dwellings.

"If we were different ecclesiastically and doctrinally, if we were like clouds of different density, floating in the sky, we might pass and repass without danger of meeting. But we are as clouds of the same stratum, of like density and color. Mr. Moderator (I am now alluding simply to a natural phenomenon) I have seen two such clouds approach each other threatening to collide. As they came nearer there was much agitation, thundering and lightning as with the voice of great guns, until the electrical condition of each was equalized, and then the clouds, uniting and blending into one in the blessed wellock of the skies, sailed majestically on, pouring out of their united fulness a baptism of life upon the thirsty fields. Whenever the future may have in store for us, there is one thing we all can do to make the parallel if not converging pathways of our respective churches full of peace and helpfulness."

In commenting on the proceedings of the assembly the St. Louis Evangelist says, editorially:

"The event in the assembly, so far, has been the reception of delegates from the Southern assembly. They were received with tremendous applause. Dr. Brown made a clear breast of his convictions as against union, while Dr. Hoyt and Hon. Patrick Joyce pleaded for the strength which comes from solid ranks in the church. In his response to these fraternal greetings our Moderator, Dr. Hallfield, covered himself with glory. With great skill and a clear vision of God's lendings he touched the deepest chords of feeling. The assembly was deeply moved, and there was much moisture in the region of the eye-lashes."

The quarrel that has lasted so long between the two branches of the church referred to has been considered a sad commentary on religion. The effort of the church to get rid of a prejudice that bloomed into life nearly a quarter of a century ago will certainly have a tendency to obliterate the causes that have made the church a conspicuous target for infidels.

CITY ITEMS.

Advertisements inserted under this heading per line for each insertion.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

New style Stockinette Jerseys at Hunt & Doyle's. mar31dly

First communion and confirmation veils and suitings, best variety, at Hunt & Doyle's.

Try "Old Gold Patent," the finest, whitest and most satisfactory flour ever offered in this market. Manufactured by Robinson & Co.'s New Process Roller Mill. may14

The opinion of the general public in regard to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is confirmed by clergymen, lawyers, public speakers and actors. All say it is the best remedy that can be procured for all affections of the vocal organs, throat and lungs.

If you wish the whitest and most delightful bread, ask your grocer for "Old Gold Patent Flour," made by Robinson & Co.'s New Process Roller Mill. m15

To Buyers of Clothing.

I take this method of informing my friends in Maysville and vicinity that I am now with C. R. Mabley & Co. The mammoth clothiers of Cincinnati. All orders for suits, goods &c., sent in my care will receive my personal attention. Goods will be sent on approval to responsible parties—otherwise C. O. D. Goods will be exchanged, if not satisfactory, or money refunded. Fine dress suits to hire for balls, weddings, &c.

N. B. Mansu,

With C. R. Mabley & Co., Cincinnati, O. m312m.

To the Public.

It is generally known that we have been rebuilding our mill and equipping it with the complete Gradual Reduction Roller System, under a strict guarantee from the manufacturers, that we would make as good grades of flour as are made in the United States from the same grades of wheat. The superior quality of Mason county wheat is too well known to require comment from us.

Our new mill has been in operation since about May 1st, with the most satisfactory results, as numerous testimonials from parties who have given our new flour a trial will attest.

We claim for our flour now on the market that they are second to none produced from winter wheat.

Our Mason County and Kentucky Brands we continue to use, and are confident that the quality of flour put out under these Brands now are far superior to our old stone mill flour. We have substituted for our Maysville City Flour, the new name of "Old Gold" patent. To those who have tried our new flour we will say, that we will continue to improve them gradually, as a new mill naturally should. It is our aim and object to place upon the market, flour that can be relied upon the year around for regularity and uniformity in quality.

We advise all who have not yet tried our Roller Flour to test their merits and judge for themselves. Our flour of all grades will be for sale at all Maysville groceries by the sack or barrel.

Very Respectfully,
ROBINSON & CO.

MARKED.

May 27, 1883, at the residence of the bride's father, Miss ELIZABETH F. DAVIS, of Mason county, to Mr. JOHN M. CUTLIP, of Marion county, Va.

RETAIL MARKET.

Collected daily by G. W. GEISEL, grocer, second street, Maysville, Ky.

FLOUR.	
Limestone	7 25
Maysville Family	6 25
Old Gold	7 10
Mason County	4 25
Kentucky Mills	6 10
Butter	15 20
Lard	15
Eggs	10 25
Meat	30 25
Chickens	30 25
Molasses, fancy	75
Cool Oil	20
Sugar	10
"yellow" sugar	8 25
Hams, sugar cured	12
Beacon, breakfast	15
Ham, sugar	10
Beans	4
Polatoes	25
Onions	12 25

TIME TABLE

Of the Kentucky Central Railroad.

[Time table in effect May 29, 1883.]

STATIONS.		STATIONS.	
Ex.	Ac.	Ac.	Ex.
Lve. Maysville	6 00	Lve. Lexington	4 45
" " " " " "	6 12	Lve. Covington	3 10
" " " " " "	6 24	Lve. Paris	6 45
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A WAR PROBABLE.

China Has a Large Army on the Frontier and a Fine Navy to Oppose the French.

BAVARIA, May 27.—The French expedition against Tonquin has been laid out upon a larger scale than was at first supposed, and the probability of resistance by China is very certain. On the 28th of March the citadel of Hanoi was attacked by 4,000 Annamites, or Chinese, who were repulsed, and the next day were driven six miles and dispersed. From that time until the 7th of May all was quiet, but on that date 2,000 more Chinese soldiers sailed from Peking towards Tonquin, and the Admiral of the French fleet was instructed to prevent them from landing. There are at present thirty-three companies of French marines in Cochinchina and Tonquin, but the reinforcements were not to go forward until the Government should vote the appropriation for the expedition. As this has been done it is likely we shall hear of warm work from that quarter before long, for even if the King of Tonquin should accede to the French demands it is not likely that China will consent to this summary appropriation of a vassal State without a struggle. News from China is to the effect that she is likely to try her new vessels and guns. During the last six months she has massed a large army on the frontier, armed with improved muskets, and her ironclads, gun-boats, and torpedo-boats are as effective in strength as any in Europe, and it is probable are offered by Europeans. Should she determine to actively engage in war with France she is in a condition to make a long and tough struggle, for she has plenty of men to lose and can stand a drain upon her population without any serious injury to her census. It must also be taken into account that Great Britain, Germany, and the United States have immense commercial interests in the coast cities of that and adjacent provinces, and that those ports are filled with merchants of the above nationalities. These interests may be very seriously and injuriously affected by a war between France and China, and as the former will be engaged in what is at best nothing more than a piratical expedition, she will not be looked upon with much favor by the other nations whose interests may be prejudiced.

A Reverend Doctor Choked and Pummelled in a Sunday School.

GOSHEN, N. Y., May 27.—Nothing has so much excited the citizens of this place since the killing, in 1870, of President Wisner Murray by Robert H. Berdell as a fight in the Sunday school room of St. James' (Episcopal) Church while the school was in session last Sunday. The combatants were the rector of the church and superintendent of the Sunday School, the Rev. Myron Maury, D. D., and William T. Matthews, one of the teachers of the school. The Rev. Mr. Maury is a son-in-law of the late Dr. Draper, scientist, of New York. Maury preached in the church before Dr. Grantham, his predecessor, died, and came here to reside permanently about a year ago. He is about forty years of age, and lives in a handsome rectory near the church and has a family of bright children. The Matthews family are considered wealthy, and move in the best society here. For a long time since and before Dr. Maury came here there has not been the best of feeling in the church but the faction opposing the rector constitutes a very small minority of the congregation. Among this number is the Matthews family. A week ago on Sunday last Dr. Maury and young Matthews had some trouble, the rector thinking that Matthews, as a teacher, was not showing him proper respect, at the same time setting, as the clergyman told him, an example for the scholars. The rector and superintendent told him that he must desist or else discontinue acting as a teacher of the young ladies. It is charged that Matthews was very saucy in his reply, but the matter was then dropped.

On Sunday last Dr. Maury had made arrangements for the young ladies to recite to another teacher. He took the ground that the Superintendent should not only be the head of the school, but that his requests should be complied with. This incensed Matthews, and when the Doctor undertook to carry out his intentions in that respect Matthews offered forcible resistance. He grasped the minister by the throat and in the melee that followed the clergyman suffered a severe shaking and choking, his whiskers were pulled and his face was scratched. Mrs. Maury came to her husband's assistance, and in the struggle to get the Doctor away out of the clutches of Matthews she was violently hustled to one side. The doctor finally got hold of Matthews' arms and prevented further violence to himself and wife. Then followed loud and angry talk, and finally Dr. Maury got the entire school, or those who remained and did not run home from fright, to go into the main church edifice, where the exercises were continued to the end. Matthews is said to have remained in the chapel, and before leaving made it is alleged, threats against the clergyman.

Thomas Scott, brother to the assistant superintendent and librarian of the Sunday school, on being asked by the reporter whether or not he had heard Matthews threaten Dr. Maury, replied: "Matthews threatened that if Dr. Maury interfered with his (Matthews') class he would never go out of the church alive."

An engineer of the New York, Lake Erie & Western railway, who had two children that attended Sunday school at St. James, said that if he had been present when Matthews "throttled" the Doctor he would have "broke him in two" and made him think he had "pulled out a drawhead."

A warrant for the arrest of Matthews has been issued and he has been held to answer first a charge of disturbing a religious meeting.

Five Generations Under One Roof.

New York World.

In a farm house near Boone, Iowa, lives Mother Spence, aged eighty-six. In the same house live her daughter, aged sixty-four; her granddaughter, aged forty; her great-granddaughter, aged twenty-one, and her great-great-granddaughter, aged two. This is believed to be the only house in the country sheltering five generations.

EGNEW & ALLEN,

—Manufacturers and Dealers in—

STOVES, GRATES, MANTELS, COPPER,

—TINWARE, HOLLOW, WOOD and STONEWARE.—

West Corner of Market and Third Streets, Maysville, Ky.

OMAHA,

LEADER,

SPLendor,

CHARTER,

ARCADE.



SLATE and IRON GRATES and MANTELS of all kinds.

Bird Cages,

Brass Kettles

Wooden and

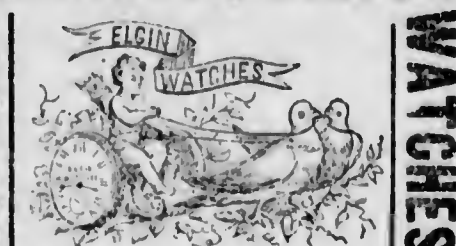
Willow Ware.

Granite Iron Ware of all varieties.

Best Roofing, Guttering and Spouting of all kinds.

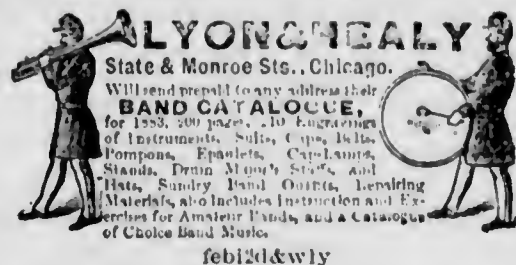
HERMANN LANGE

JEWELRY



WATCHES

All Goods and Work WARRANTED. Number 49, Second street, three doors below Market street, Maysville, Ky. ap15dly



MOODY'S For Teaching all Branches of Dress Making, Cutting, and every garment worn by lady or child, also, SEWING, TRIMMING, DRAPING, and all the FINISHING PARTS of —DRESSMAKING! Position Guaranteed if Desired.

LADIES Address: D. W. MOODY & CO. 31 West Ninth St. CINCINNATI, OHIO. mar24dly

Before INSURING YOUR LIFE

—EXAMINE THE—

TONTINE

Savings Fund Plan

—OF THE—

EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Instead of investing in stocks, bonds or other securities or depositing in Savings Banks,

EXAMINE THIS PLAN

of insurance, which not only yields a return as an investment, but gives immediate indemnity in case of death.

Assets \$48,000,000.

JOS. F. BRODRICK,

AGENT.

Second Street, MAYSVILLE, KY.

— THE —

WEBER PIANO.

For power, purity of tone, brilliancy of touch, beauty of finish and durability it has no equal. The most eminent pianists pronounce it

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

L. F. METZGER.

MANAGER. Branch office, Maysville, Ky

—Also, The Matchless—

BURDETT ORGAN.

A full supply of pianos and organs constantly on hand. Correspondents promptly answered. Payments easy. sep26dly

SIMMONS'

MEDICATED WELL-WATER.

A Specific for Dyspepsia and Disorders of the Kidneys.

Has been used with most gratifying success in many obstinate cases. Prof. F. W. Clark, professor of Chemistry at the University of Cincinnati says this water "belongs to the same class with that of the Alleghany Springs, of Virginia, the medicinal virtues of which are too well known to be stated here. Those who desire to try this famous water are referred to Captain C. W. Boyd, Levanina, Ohio; Captain C. M. Holloway, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. J. Ralpe, Cincinnati, Ohio. For sale in half barrels and jugs by GUS. SIMMONS, Proprietor, m23dly

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MANAGER. Branch office, Maysville, Ky

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SIMMONS'

MEDICATED WELL-WATER.

Application for Incorporation.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to the Mason County Court for the incorporation of the Maysville Electric Light Company, in pursuance of chapter 46 of the General Statutes of Kentucky and by that name to have perpetual succession, and power to sue and be sued, &c. The amount of capital stock to be \$2,000, each share of which is to be of the value of \$20. The principal place of business of the said corporation is to be the city of Maysville. The object of the said Company is to furnish light, generated by electricity to individuals and corporations within the city of Maysville, and adjacent thereto, and to the said city for public purposes by contract with the same, and also for the purpose of supplying motive power, generated by steam or electricity, within the said territory. The private property of the individual stockholders in the said Company shall be exempt from liability for the debts of the said Company. The business of said Company is to be managed by a board of seven directors, to be elected by the stockholders annually, and the first board of directors to be elected when the sum of not less than \$10,000 shall have been subscribed to the capital stock of said Company. The board of directors from their own number shall elect a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, and may elect other officers as may be necessary. The company may issue its bonds for an amount not exceeding the maximum indebtedness which shall be fixed at \$2,000, with interest coupons thereon attached bearing interest at a rate not to exceed six per cent. per annum, which interest shall become due and payable semi-annually and to secure said bonds and interest the company may execute a mortgage upon its property of every kind. The said corporation may commence on the 7th day of May, 1883, and continue perpetually. The following named persons are the incorporators: W. H. Winkler, Chas. B. Pearce, W. H. McManis, H. C. Barker, A. B. Glusker, C. Shultz, Leach, D. Hechinger, G. W. Shiner, Maysville, Ky., May 5, 1883. msk&wlm

GRAVELINA Cures Gout, Rheumatism of the Joints, Neuralgia, Inflammation of the Urinary Organs, Dropsical Swelling, Dropsical Affections, Dyspepsia, &c. &c. 36 Doses for \$1.00. J. T. LEE, Cincinnati, O.

SCROFULA

and all scrofulous diseases, Sores, Erysipelas, Eczema, Boils, Ringworm, Tumors, Carbuncles, Blisters, and Eruptions of the Skin, are the direct result of an impure state of the blood.

To cure these diseases the blood must be purified, and restored to a healthy and natural condition. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has for over forty years been recognized by eminent medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It frees the system from all foul humors, enriches and strengthens the blood, removes all traces of mercurial treatment, and proves itself a complete master of all scrofulous diseases.

A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores.

"Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The limbs were badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, of which I have now taken three bottles, with the result that the sores are healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me. Yours respectfully, Mrs. ANN O'BRIEN." 148 Sullivan St., New York, June 24, 1882.

All persons interested are invited to call on Mrs. O'Brien; also upon the Rev. Z. P. Wilds of 78 East 54th Street, New York City, who will take pleasure in testifying to the wonderful efficacy of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, not only in the cure of this lady, but in his own case and many others within his knowledge.

The well-known writer on the Boston Herald, B. W. Ball, of Rochester, N. H., writes, June 7, 1882:

"Having suffered severely for some years with Eczema, and having failed to find relief from other remedies, I have made use, during the past three months, of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which has effected a complete cure. I consider it a magnificent remedy for all blood diseases."

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stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, renews and strengthens the vital forces, and speedily cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, Catarrh, General Debility, and all diseases arising from an impoverished or corrupted condition of the blood, and a weakened vitality.

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